PAGE: 133 PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) — CRITICAL HARDWARE

NUMBER: M8-1MR-BM008-X

33U.6365.011-05 33U.6365.011-05

9/1/95

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MECHANICAL - EDS

REVISION:

PART NAME PART NUMBER VENDOR NAME **VENDOR NUMBER**

LRU : MECH, QUIDE RING BALLSCREW

NPO-ENERGIA

SAU

: FIXER 33Y.6662.003 33Y.6662.003 NPO-ENERGIA

PART DATA

EXTENDED DESCRIPTION OF PART UNDER ANALYSIS: GUIDE RING BALLSCREW INTERCONNECTING MECHANISM FIXER

REFERENCE DESIGNATORS:

QUANTITY OF LIKE ITEMS: 3 THREE (ONE PER BALLSCREW PAIR)

FUNCTION:

CONTAINED WITHIN EACH BALLSCREW INTERCONNECTING MECHANISM, THE FIXER LOCKS OR UNLOCKS BOTH RODS OF A SINGLE BALLSCREW PAIR. WHEN POWER IS APPLIED TO THE FIXER, A MAGNETIC FIELD IS CREATED THAT EXTENDS A LEVER TO ENGAGE A GEAR WHICH MECHANICALLY LOCKS BOTH BALLSCREW ROOS OF A SINGLE PAIR BY LIMITING THEIR ROTATION. THIS ACTION PREVENTS ROLL AND TRANSLATION MOVEMENT OF THE DOCKING RING AT ONE OF THREE POINTS AROUND THE RING. WHEN POWER IS REMOVED FROM THE WINDINGS OF THE FIXER, A SPRING RETRACTS THE LEVER (THAT LOCKS THE MECHANICAL GEAR LINK BETWEEN THE RODS) AND ALLOWS BOTH RODS OF THE BALLSCREW PAIR TO ROTATE.

SERVICE IN BETWEEN FLIGHT AND MAINTENANCE CONTROL: SERVICEABILITY CONTOL. DOCKING WITH CALIBRATING DOCKING MECHANISM.

MAINTANABILITY

REPAIR METHOD - NONE (REPAIRING IN MANUFACTURING CONDITIONS ONLY).

REFERENCE DOCUMENTS: 33U.6365.011-05

330.6662.003

PAGE: 134

PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: MS-1MR-BM005-01

REVISIONS

9/1/96

SUBSYSTEM NAME: MECHANICAL - EDS

LRU: BALLSCREW INTERCONNECTING MECHANISM

CRITICALITY OF THIS

FAILURE MODE: 2R3

FAILURE MODE:

ITEM NAME: FIXER, RING

FAILS TO LOCK

MISSION PHASE:

00

ON-ORBIT

VEHICLE/PAYLOAD/KIT EFFECTIVITY: 104 ATLANTIS

CAUSE:

STRUCTURAL FAILURE DUE TO MECHANICAL/THERMAL SHOCK OR MANUFACTURE/ MATERIAL DEFECT, OPEN WINDINGS, SHORT BETWEEN WINDINGS; MECHANICAL JAMMING DUE TO CONTAMINATION

CRITICALITY 1/1 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY? NO

CRITICALITY 1R2 DURING INTACT ABORT ONLY (AVIONICS ONLY)? WA

REDUNDANCY SCREEN

A) PASS

B) FAIL

C) PASS

PASSIFAIL RATIONALE:

A)

B) FAILS REDUNDANCY SCREEN "B" SINCE A SINGLE FIXER FAILING TO LOCK (MECHANICALLY) IS NOT DETECTABLE IN FLIGHT.

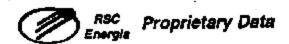
METHOD OF FAULT DETECTION:

SENSORS WILL MONITOR POWER TO ALL FIXERS AND PROVIDE THE INFORMATION FOR GROUND MONITORING THROUGH TELEMETRY DATA, FLIGHT CREW WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO DETECT A SINGLE FIXER FAILING TO LOCK. HOWEVER, VISUAL OBSERVATION OF THE DOCKING PROCESS MAY DETECT THE EFFECT OF A FAILURE TO LOCK ALL THREE FIXERS.

. FAILURE EFFECTS -

(A) SUBSYSTEM:

FAILS TO PREVENT RELATIVE ROTATION OF AFFECTED ROOS OF ONE BALLSCREW PAIR WHEN REQUIRED. FIRST FIXER FAILURE - LOSS OF CAPABILITY TO LIMIT ROLL AND TRANSLATION MOVEMENT AT ONE POINT ON THE DOCKING RING. NO EFFECT SINCE THIS MOVEMENT OF THE ENTIRE RING IS RESTRICTED BY THE REMAINING TWO RING FIXERS. SECOND FIXER FAILURE - LOSS OF CAPABILITY TO LIMIT ROLL AND



PAGE: 135 PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

FAILURÉ MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) — CIL FAILURÉ MODE NUMBER: M8-1MR-8M008- 01

TRANSLATION MOVEMENT AT SECOND POINT ON THE COCKING RING. RING ALIGNMENT IS DIFFICULT BUT NOT IMPOSSIBLE SINCE REMAINING RING FIXER HELPS RESTRICT ROLL AND TRANSLATION MOVEMENT OF THE RING. THIRD FIXER FAILURE WORST CASE, LOSS OF CAPABILITY TO ALIGN THE DOCKING RING IN THE ROLL AND TRANSLATIONAL DIRECTIONS.

(B) INTERFACING SUBSYSTEM(S):

NO EFFECT ON INTERFACING ORBITER SUBSYSTEMS.

(C) MISSION:

POTENTIAL LOSS OF DOCKING FOLLOWING THIRD FIXER FAILING TO LOCK.

(D) CREW, YEHICLE, AND ELEMENT(S):

NO EFFECT ON CREW AND VEHICLE.

(E) FUNCTIONAL CRITICALITY EFFECTS:

FIRST FIXER FAILURE - NO EFFECT. SECOND FIXER FAILURE - RING ALIGNMENT IN THE ROLL AND TRANSLATIONAL DIRECTION DIFFICULT BUT NOT IMPOSSIBLE. THIRD FIXER FAILURE - WORST CASE, ALIGNMENT CANNOT BE MAINTAINED DURING RING RETRACTION IN THE ROLL AND TRANSLATIONAL DIRECTIONS FOR MATING AND STRUCTURAL LATCHING OF THE INTERFACE. LOSS OF CAPABILITY TO PERFORM DOCKING RESULTING IN LOSS OF MISSION OBJECTIVES.

DESIGN CRITICALITY (PRIOR TO OPERATIONAL DOWNGRADE, DESCRIBED IN F): 2R3

(F) RATIONALE FOR CRITICALITY CATEGORY DOWNGRADE:

N/A (THERE ARE NO WORKAROUNDS TO CIRCUMVENT THIS FAILURE.)

-DISPOSITION RATIONALE-

(A) DESIGN:

THE BALLSCREW INTERCONNECTING MECHANISM FIXER ALLOWS FOR ROLL AND TRANSLATION MOVEMENT OF THE RING ONLY. REDUNDANT WINDINGS, POWERED BY SEPARATE SOURCES, ARE PROVIDED FOR LOCKING OF FIXERS. INTERCONNECTING MECHANISM IS COMPLETELY ENCASED TO PREVENT THE INTRODUCTION OF CONTAMINATION LARGE ENOUGH TO CAUSE THE FIXER TO JAM IN THE UNLOCKED POSITION.

(B) TEST:

DOCKING MECHANISM ACCEPTANCE TESTS:

- 1. ELECTRICAL SCHEMATIC CHECKOUT CONTACT RESISTANCE ON EACH PIN OF THE CONNECTOR WHICH IS ELECTRICALLY TIED TO EACH FIXER IS CHECKED. THIS TEST VERIFIES CONTINUITY THROUGH THE FIXER WINDINGS.
- 2. INSULATION ELECTRICAL RESISTANCE TEST THE INSULATION RESISTANCE AND ELECTRICAL STRENGTH OF INSULATION CHECKOUT OF EACH PIN OF EACH FIXER CONNECTOR TO THE APDA HOUSING WILL VERIFY THAT THE FIXER WINDINGS ARE NOT ELECTRICALLY SHORTED TO GROUND.
- 3. FIXER FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST OPERATION AND CURRENT TO EACH FIXER IS VERIFIED DURING RING EXTENSION FROM FINAL TO INITIAL POSITION. OPERATION OF ALL THREE FIXERS IS VERIFIED SIMULATANEOUSLY.



PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

PAGE: 135

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) -- CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: MS-1MR-SM006- 01

4. DOCKING MÉCHANISM CHECKOUT (STATIC) TEST - RING IS EXTENDED AND RETRACTED AS NECESSARY TO FULLY TEST ITS OPERATION DURING A SINGLE DOCKING. FIXERS ARE TURNED ON DURING RING MOVEMENT. FORCE IS APPLIED TO THE RING TO SIMULATE LOADS THAT CAN OCCUR DURING RING CAPTURE AND MATING OF THE TWO MECHANISMS WITH FIXERS ON. THIS TEST WILL VERIFY PROPER OPERATION OF THE FIXERS UNDER LOAD AND NO-LOAD CONDITIONS.

5. VIBRORESISTENT TEST - APDS SUBJECTED TO THE FOLLOWING VIBRATION LEVELS FOR 2 MINUTES PER AXIS:

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FREQUENCY (HZ)	SPECTORAL DENSITY ACCELERATION
FROM 20 TO 80	INCREASING, 308 OCTAVE TO 0.04G2/HZ
FROM 80 TO 350	PERMANENT 0.04G2/HZ
FROM 350 TO 2000	DECREASING 308 OCTAVE WITH 0.04G2/HZ

SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT TEST, AN INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND FUNCTIONAL CHECK ARE PERFORMED, PER ATP'S #1, #2, & #3 ABOVE, TO VERIFY PROPER OPERATION OF THE FIXERS.

- 6. THERMO VACUUM TEST DOCKING OF THE MECHANISM IS THERMALLY CYCLED FROM +20°C TO -50'-55°C TO +50'+55°C TO +20°C IN A VACUUM AT 10°4 TO 10°5 TORR. DWELL AT EACH TEMPERATURE AND BETWEEN OPERATIONS AT EACH TEMPERATURE IS A MINIMUM OF 60 MINUTES AFTER STABILIZATION. OPERATIONS INCLUDES PERFORMING DOCKING WHICH IS ACCOMPLISHED AT A SPEED OF 0.15M/SEC BETWEEN THE SMULLATOR AND MOVEABLE PLATFORM (CONTAINING THE DOCKING MECHANISM). PROPER OPERATION OF THE FIXERS IS VERIFIED DURING RING EXTENSION/RETRACTION AND DOCKING FOR A TEMPERATURE RANGE OF -50°C/-58°C TO 50°C/55°C.
- 7. CONTROLLED DOCKING TEST CONTROLLED DOCKING IS PERFORMED UNDER LOAD CONDITIONS. THIS TEST WILL VERIFY PROPER OPERATION OF FIXERS DURING RING EXTENSION/ RETRACTION.

DOCKING MECHANISM QUALIFICATION TESTS:

- 1. ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT TEST CONTACT RESISTANCE ON EACH PIN OF THE CONNECTOR WHICH IS ELECTRICALLY TIED TO EACH FIXERS MOTOR IS CHECKED. THIS TEST VERIFIES CONTINUITY THROUGH THE FIXER WINDINGS.
- 2. INSULATION ELECTRICAL RESISTANCE TEST THE INSULATION RESISTANCE AND ELECTRICAL STRENGTH OF INSULATION CHECKOUT OF EACH PIN OF EACH FIXER CONNECTOR TO THE APDA HOUSING WILL VERIFY THAT THE FIXER MOTOR WINDINGS ARE NOT ELECTRICALLY SHORTED TO GROUND.
- 3. OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST FIXER OPERATION VERIFIED BY THE FOLLOWING TWO TESTS:

FIXER LIMIT LOAD TEST - WITH FIXERS ENGAGED A 500 KGF LOAD IS APPLIED PARALLEL TO THE SEAL INTERFACE; THEN A 350 KGF-M MOMENT ABOUT THE X, Y, AND Z AXIS IS APPLIED AND SYSTEM IS INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF DAMAGE OR DEGRADATION.
FIXER LILTIMATE LOAD TEST - WITH FIXERS ENGAGED A 700 KGF LOAD IS APPLIED PARALLEL TO THE SEAL INTERFACE; THEN A 500 KGF-M MOMENT



PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) — CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: MG-1MR-BM005- D1

ABOUT THE X, Y, AND Z AXIS IS APPLIED AND SYSTEM IS INSPECTED FOR EVIDENCE OF DAMAGE OR DEGRADATION.

- 4. SHOCK AND SAWTOOTH LOADING STRENGTH TEST DOCKING MECHANISM IS SUBJECTED TO 20G TERMINAL SAWTOOTH SHOCK PULSES IN EACH AXIS, 3 PULSES IN EACH DIRECTION FOR A TOTAL OF 6 PULSES/AXIS. AFTER COMPLETION AN INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT CHECK TEST, INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN QTP TESTS #1, #2, AND #3 ABOVE, ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER FIXER OPERATIONS DURING RING MOVEMENT.
- 5. TRANSPORTABILITY STRENGTH TEST SHIPPING LOADS ARE SIMULATED ON A VIBRATING TABLE TO VERIFY THAT THE DOCKING MECHANISM WILL NOT BE DAMAGED DURING SHIPMENT. THIS TEST IS CONDUCTED UNDER THE CONDITIONS CONTAINED IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

VIBRATION	VIBRATION	FREQUENCY SUBBAND, HZ					TOTAL TEST		
ACCELER	ACCELER	5-7	7-15	15-30	30-40	8	DURATION		
DIRECTION	AMPLITUDE	TEST DURATION, MIN					HIR	MIN	
ALONG X-AXIS	1.4	-	4			_		. 4	
]]	1.2	76	93	32	81	39	5	7	
ALONG Y-AXIS	1.3		4	-		· -		. 4	
1	1.0	13	16	7	10	7	l – _	53	
ALONG Z-AXIS	1.1	_	4			-	_	4	
1	1.0	32	40	16	26	16	2	10	

SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT CHECK TEST, INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN QTP TESTS #1, #2, AND #3 ABOVE, ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER FIXER OPERATIONS DURING RING MOVEMENT.

VIBRATION STRENGTH TEST - APDS SUBJECTED TO THE FOLLOWING VIBRATION LEVELS IN EACH AXIS FOR A 400 SECOND DURATION.

FREQUENCY (HZ)	SPECTORAL DENSITY ACCELERATION
FROM 20 TO 80	INCREASING, 3DB OCTAVE TO 0.067G-A-Z
FROM 80 TO 350	CONSTANT 0.067Q2/HZ
FROM 350 TO 2000	DECREASING 30B OCTAVE WITH 0.067G4/HZ

SUBSECUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT CHECK TEST, INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN OTP TESTS #1, #2, AND #3 ABOVE, ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER FIXER OPERATIONS DURING RING MOVEMENT.

7. APDS SERVICEABILITY TEST IN A SIX-DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM DYNAMIC TEST.
THE SIX-DEGREE-OF-FREEDOM DYNAMIC TEST VERIFIES APDS DOCKING AND
UNDOCKING OPERATIONS UNDER CLOSE-TO-FULL-SCALE CONDITIONS. STATIC
MOTION-OF ENTITIES IS SIMULATED UNDER SPECIFIC INERTIAL AND
GEOMETRICAL PARAMETERS FOR VARIOUS INITIAL CONDITIONS FOR
MIR/SHUTTLE DOCKING. A TOTAL OF 20 DOCKINGS IS PERFORMED. FIXER



PAGE: 138 PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - CIL FAILURE MODE NUMBER: M8-1MR-8M006-01

OPERATION VERIFIED DURING EXTENSION OF DOCKING RING TO INITIAL POSITION. SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT CHECK TEST, INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST ARE PERFORMED, AS DEFINED IN GTP TESTS \$1, \$2, AND \$3 ABOVE, TO VERIFY PROPER FUNCTIONING OF FIXERS DURING HING MOVEMENT AND DOCKING OPERATIONS.

6. COLD AND HEAT RESISTANCE TEST - DOCKING OF THE MECHANISM IS THERMALLY CYCLED, UNDER LOAD CONDITIONS, FROM +20°C TO +50/-55°C TO +50/+55°C TO +20°C IN A VACUUM AT 10⁻⁴ TO 10°⁵ TORR. DWELL AT EACH TEMPERATURE IS A MINIMUM OF 60 MINUTES AFTER STABILIZATION. FIVE CYCLES WERE PERFORMED AGAINST THE GUIDE RING EXTEND AND FINAL POSITION MECHANICAL STOPS FOR 10 SECONDS EACH. DOCKING PARAMETERS ARE SHOWN IN THE FOLLOWING TABLE.

SEQ	DOCKING RATE.	SIMULATOR ROTATIONAL ANGLE		TEMP	VOLTAGE	PRESS	
NO.	M/S	PITCH	ROLL	*C	VOLTS	CHECKOUT	
1	0.10	00	0°	25 +/-10	23	YES	
2	0.10	0°	49	25 +/-10	34	NO	
3	0.12	4*	4*	25 +/-10	27	NO	
4*				+60+/-5		YES	
4	0.10	4*	O°	+50+/-5	27	YES	
5*				-(60+/-5)		YES	
5	0.10	4*	0	-(30+/-5)	27	YES	
6*			-	+60+/-5	1	YES	
6	0.12	8	4*	+50+/-5	23	YES	
7*			-	-(60+/-5)		YE8	
7	D.10	4	' 4°	-(30 +/-5)	23	YES	
6*		-		+60+/-5		YES	
8	0.12	- 4*	4*	50 +/-5	34	YE\$	
9"			- .	-(60+/-5)		YES	
9	0.12	. 4.	4*	-(30 +/-5)	34	YES	
10*		ı		+60+/-5		YES	
10	0.10	4*	0*	+50+/-5	27	YES .	
11'	<u> </u>			-(6 0+/-5)	_	YES	
11	0.10	9	4°	-(30 +/-5)	27	YES	
12		***		+60+/-5	<u> </u>	YES	
12"	0.10	C-	4*	+50+/-5	27	YES	
13'				-(60+/-5)		YES	
131	0.12	4*	4°	-(30 + 4-5)	27	YEB	
14'	·	<u></u>		+60+/-5	<u> </u>	YES	
14*	0.12	4°	4°	+50+/-5	27	YES	
15*	0.12	4°	4*	+25+/-10	23	YES	

"MC621-0087-2001, -4001, & -5001 ONLY

PAGE: 139 PRINT DATE: 08/25/95

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FINEA) - ÇIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: ME-IMR-BM008-01

AFTER COMPLETION AN INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT CHECK TEST, INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN OTP TESTS \$1, \$2, AND \$3 ABOVE, ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER FIXER FUNCTIONING DURING RING MOVEMENT AND DOCKING OPERATIONS.

9. TARGET SERVICE LIFE TEST - TESTS ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER DOCKING AND UNDOCKING OPERATIONS OVER ITS LIFE OF 100 DOCKINGS. PROPER OPERATION OF THE FIXERS VERIFIED DURING 100 DOCKING AND UNMATING CYCLES (FOR MC621-0087-1001/-3001 UNITS ONLY). FOR MC621-0087-2001, 4001, & -5001 UNITS PROPER OPERATION VERIFIED DURING 386 CYCLES (44 VACUUM/LOAD CYCLES, 16 LOAD CYCLES, & 324 NO-LOAD CYCLES). THESE TESTS INCLUDE RING EXTENSION AND RETRACTION. SUBSEQUENT TO THIS TEST AN ENGINEERING INSPECTION IS PERFORMED TO IDENTIFY BROKEN OR LOOSE HARDWARE; AND AN ELECTRICAL CIRCUIT CHECK TEST, INSULATION RESISTANCE TEST, AND OPERATIONAL CAPABILITY TEST, AS DEFINED IN QTP TESTS \$1, \$2, AND \$3 ABOVE, ARE PERFORMED TO VERIFY PROPER FIXER FUNCTIONING DURING RING MOVEMENT AND DOCKING OPERATIONS.

10. CONTROL DISASSEMBLY - UPON COMPLETION OF ALL QUAL TESTING THE DOCKING MECHANISM IS DISMANTLED AND ALL FIXER OPERATING SURFACES ARE CHECKED FOR EVIDENCE OF WEAR OR FAILURE.

OMRSD - TURNAROUND CHECKOUT TESTING IS ACCOMPLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMRSD.

(C) INSPECTION:

RÉCEIVING INSPECTION COMPONENTS ARE SUBJECTED TO A 100% RECEIVING INSPECTION PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.

CONTAMINATION CONTROL

CORROSION PROTECTION PROVISIONS AND CONTAMINATION CONTROL VERIFIED BY INSPECTION. CHECK OF ROOM CLEANLINESS; PARTS WASHING AND OTHER OPERATIONS OF THE TECHNOLOGICAL PROCESS WHICH PROVIDES CLEANLINESS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

CRITICAL PROCESSES

ANODIZING, HEAT TREATING, SOLDERING, CHEMICAL PLATING, AND CURING VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

ASSEMBLY/INSTALLATION

TORQUE, ADJUSTMENTS AND TOLERANCES ACCORDING TO TECHNICAL REQUIREMENTS OF THE DRAWINGS ARE VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

TESTING

ATP/QTP/OMRSD TESTING VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.

HANDLING/PACKAGING

HANDLING/PACKAGING PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENT FOR SHIPMENT VERIFIED BY INSPECTION.



PAGE: 140

PRINT DATE: 29.08.95

FAILURE MODES EFFECTS ANALYSIS (FMEA) - CIL FAILURE MODE

NUMBER: MS-1MR-BM006- 61

(D) FAILURE HISTORY:

DATA ON TEST FAILURES, UNEXPLAINED ANOMALIES, AND OTHER FAILURES EXPERIENCED DURING GROUND PROCESSING OF ODS DOCKING MECHANISMS CAN BE FOUND IN PRACA DATA BASE.

(E) OPERATIONAL USE:

NONE. LOCKED FIXER ON THE REMAINING TWO INTERCONNECTING MECHANISMS WILL RESTRICT ROLL AND TRANSLATION MOVEMENT OF THE RING. ALIGNMENT MAY BE LOST FOLLOWING FAILURE OF ALL THREE FIXERS. HOWEVER THE CENTERING SPRINGS AND DOCKING MECHANISM HYSTERESIS WILL DAMP OUT RELATIVE MOVEMENT OF THE RING AND HELP KEEP RING ALIGNED. THIS ASSUMES THAT NO RING OSCILLATIONS EXIST PRIOR TO RETRACTING RING FROM IT'S FWD POSITION.

- APPROVALS -

DESIGN ENGINEER

DESIGN MANAGER NASA SS/MA

NASA SUBSYSTEM MANAGER

M. NIKOLAYEVA A. SOUBCHEV

RSC Proprietary Data